

DID YOU KNOW

What Should A Federal Employee Do If Injured at Work?

Do you know what procedures to follow if you are injured on the job? Do you know who to contact if you have any questions or need forms?

It is important to report and obtain appropriate medical care for injuries that occur in the workplace. Click [here](#) for a summary page prepared by the Department of Labor (DOL) that provides information in regards to injury compensation. A copy of the [DOL's general information fact sheet](#) is also attached at the end of this article. This fact sheet provides the guidelines for reporting an injury, and information about submitting claims for compensation, leave, and wage loss. The type of injury or illness you sustain on the job will determine the type of forms you are required to complete. You can obtain the forms through your supervisor, Human Resources Point of Contact or by clicking on the [DOL Forms Library](#).

Ms. Robin Campbell is the Injury Compensation Program Administrator. She is located at the Environmental Management Consolidated Business Center in Cincinnati. If you have any questions or need help, contact Robin at 513-246-0515 or contact her by email at: Robin.Campbell@emcbc.doe.gov.

What A Federal Employee Should Do When Injured At Work



Report to Supervisor	Every job-related injury should be reported as soon as possible to your supervisor. Injury also means any illness or disease that is caused or aggravated by the employment as well as damage to medical braces, artificial limbs and other prosthetic devices.
Obtain Medical Care	Before you obtain medical treatment, ask your supervisor to authorize medical treatment by use of form CA-16. You may initially select the physician to provide necessary treatment. This may be a private physician or, if available, a local Federal medical officer/hospital. Emergency medical treatment may be obtained without prior authorization. Take the form CA-16 and form OWCP-1500/HCFA-1500 to the provider you select. The form OWCP-1500/HCFA 1500 is the billing form physicians must use to submit bills to OWCP. Hospitals and pharmacies may use their own billing forms. On occupational disease claims form CA-16 may not be issued without prior approval from OWCP.
File Written Notice	In traumatic injuries, complete the employee's portion of Form CA-1. Obtain the form from your employing agency, complete and turn it in to your supervisor as soon as possible, but not later than 30 days following the injury. For occupational disease, use form CA-2 instead of form CA-1. For more detailed information carefully read the "Benefits ..." and "Instructions ..." sheets which are attached to the Forms CA-1 and CA-2.
Obtain Receipt of Notice	A "Receipt" of Notice of Injury is attached to each Form CA-1 and Form CA-2. Your supervisor should complete the receipt and return it to you for your personal records. If it is not returned to you, ask your supervisor for it.
Submit Claim For COP/Leave and/or Compensation For Wage Loss	If disabled due to traumatic injury, you may claim continuation of pay (COP) not to exceed 45 calendar days or use leave. A claim for COP must be submitted no later than 30 days following the injury (the form CA-1 is designed to serve as a claim for continuation of pay). If disabled and claiming COP, submit to your employing agency within 10 work days medical evidence that you sustained a disabling traumatic injury. If disabled beyond the COP period, or if you are not entitled to COP, you may claim compensation on form CA-7 or use leave. If disabled due to occupational disease, you may claim compensation on form CA-7 or use leave. A claim for compensation for disability should be submitted as soon as possible after it is apparent that you are disabled and will enter a leave-without-pay status.

The Federal Employees' Compensation Act (FECA) is administered by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment Standards Administration, Office of Workers' Compensation Programs (OWCP). Benefits include continuation of pay for traumatic injuries, compensation for wage loss, medical care and other assistance for job-related injury or death. For additional information about the FECA, read pamphlet CA-11, "When Injured at Work" or Federal Personnel Manual, Chapter 810, Injury Compensation, available from your employing agency. The agency will also give you the address of the OWCP Office which services your area.

Post on Employees' Bulletin Board

U.S. Department of Labor
Employment Standards Administration
Office of Workers' Compensation Programs



U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1991 3-886-436

Form CA-10
Rev. Aug. 1987
